



MCA

Lesson 1....

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1.4 Operations with Rational Numbers

What You Will Learn

- ▶ Rewrite fractions as equivalent fractions.
- ▶ Add and subtract fractions.
- ▶ Multiply and divide fractions.
- ▶ Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals.

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Example 1 – Writing Fractions in Simplest Form

a. $\frac{18}{24} = \div \frac{6}{6} = \frac{3}{4}$

b. $\frac{35}{21} = \div \frac{7}{7} = \frac{5}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$

24 = $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$

$3 \overline{) 5} \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ -3 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$

Divide out GCF of $\frac{6}{6}$

Divide out GCF of $\frac{7}{7}$

$\frac{24}{24}$

$\frac{24}{24} = 1 \times \frac{24}{24}$

$\frac{24}{24} = 2 \times \frac{12}{12}$

$\frac{24}{24} = 3 \times \frac{8}{8}$

c. $\frac{24}{72} = \frac{8}{24} = \frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{24}{72} \div \frac{24}{24} = \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{24}{72} \div \frac{12}{12} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$

Divide out GCF of 24 and 72

24: 2 x 12, 3 x 8, 4 x 6, 8 x 3

72: 8 x 9, 4 x 18, 6 x 12, 3 x 24



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Example 3 – Writing Rational Numbers in Decimal Form 1

- You can divide any integer by any nonzero integer. rational numbers can be represented as **terminating** or **repeating decimals**. Here are some examples.

Terminating Decimals

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{4} &= 0.25 \\ \frac{3}{8} &= 0.375 \\ \frac{2}{10} &= 0.2 \\ \frac{5}{16} &= 0.3125\end{aligned}$$

Repeating Decimals

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{3} &= 0.\overline{3} \\ \frac{2}{11} &= 0.\overline{18} \\ \frac{1}{12} &= 0.\overline{83} \\ \frac{8}{33} &= 0.\overline{24}\end{aligned}$$

- Note that bar notation is used to indicate the repeated digit (or digits) in decimal notation.



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Example 3 – Writing Rational Numbers in Decimal Form 2

Write each rational number in decimal form.

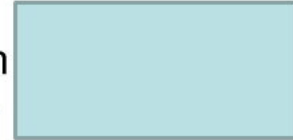
a. $2\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{4} = 2.25$

b. $\frac{5}{12} = 0.4\overline{16}$

b. $\frac{5}{12} = 0.41\bar{6}$

Solution

Begin by writing the mixed number as a fraction

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Example 5 – Adding and Subtracting with Like Denominators

a. $\frac{3}{12} + \frac{4}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$

b. $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{5}{9}$



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Example 6 – Adding and Subtracting with Unlike Denominators

a. $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{11}{15} = \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{12}{15}$
 $\frac{11}{15} \times \frac{1}{1} = \frac{11}{15}$

LCM of 5 and 15 is 15.

$$\frac{5}{11} - \frac{11}{15}$$

$$= \frac{5}{15} - \frac{11}{15} = \frac{5-11}{15} = \frac{-6}{15} = -\frac{2}{5}$$

Rewrite with like denominators.

Add numerators.

b. $1\frac{7}{9} - \frac{11}{12}$

$$= \frac{16}{9} - \frac{11}{12} = \frac{16}{9} \times \frac{4}{4} - \frac{11}{12} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{64}{36} - \frac{33}{36} = \frac{31}{36}$$

Rewrite $1\frac{7}{9}$ as $\frac{16}{9}$.

LCM of 9 and 12 is 36.

Rewrite with like denominators

Subtract numerators.



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Example 8 – Finding the Yardage for a Clothing Design

A designer uses $3\frac{1}{6}$ yards of material to make a skirt and $2\frac{3}{4}$ yards to make a shirt. Find the total amount of material required.

Solution

$$\begin{array}{r} 3\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{2} = \frac{38}{12} \\ + \quad 2\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{33}{12} \\ \hline 7\frac{1}{12} \end{array}$$

$$12 \overline{) 71} \begin{array}{r} 5 \\ -60 \\ \hline 11 \end{array} \quad \boxed{5\frac{11}{12}}$$

6, 12, 18
4, 8, 12

yds



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Example 9 – Multiplying Fractions

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$$\frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$\frac{15}{16}$$

Multiply numerators and denominators

=

Simplify.

Let a , b , c , and d be integers with $b \neq 0$, $c \neq 0$, and $d \neq 0$.

Then the quotient of a/b and c/d is

$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c}$$

keep (blue arrow from $\frac{a}{b}$ to $\frac{a}{b}$)
 flip (pink arrow from $\frac{c}{d}$ to $\frac{d}{c}$)
 Change (blue arrow from \div to \cdot)

Invert divisor and multiply.



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Example 10 – Dividing Fractions

$$\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{20}{12} =$$

Keep (blue arrow from $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$)
 Change (purple arrow from \div to \times)
 flip (green arrow from $\frac{20}{12}$ to $\frac{12}{20}$)

$$\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{12}{20} = \frac{60}{160}$$

$$\frac{60}{160} \div \frac{2}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Handwritten work on the blue box shows:
 $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{12}{20} = \frac{60}{160}$
 Then simplification: $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{15}{40} = \frac{3}{8}$



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Example 11 – Finding the Numbers of Calories Burned

You decide to take a tennis class. You burn about 400 calories per hour playing tennis. In one week, you played tennis for $\frac{3}{4}$ hour on Tuesday, 2 hours on Wednesday, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ on Thursday.

$$0.75 \times 400 = 300$$

$$400 \times 2 = 800$$

$$1.5 \times 400 = 600$$

How many total calories did you burn playing tennis during that week?

$$1700$$

What was your average number of calories burned per day playing tennis?

$$\frac{300 + 800 + 600}{3} = \frac{1700}{3} = 566.\bar{6}$$



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Example 11 – Finding the Numbers of Calories Burned cont'd

Solution

The total number of calories you burned playing tennis during the week was

$$400\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + 400(2) + 400\left(1\frac{1}{2}\right) = 300 + 800 + 600 = 1700 \text{ calories.}$$

The average number of calories burned per day was

$$\frac{1700 \text{ calories}}{3 \text{ days}} = 566\frac{2}{3} \text{ calories per day.}$$



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Example 12 – Adding and Multiplying Decimals

a.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.5830 \\ 1.0600 \\ + 2.9104 \\ \hline 4.5534 \end{array}$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} -3.57 \\ \times 0.032 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-0.11424$$

Two decimal places
Three decimal places

Five decimal places



Example 13 – Dividing Decimals

$$\frac{1.483}{0.56}$$



$$265$$



Example 14 – Finding a Cell Phone Charge

A cellular provider charges \$5.35 for the first 200 text messages per month and \$0.10 for each additional test message.

- a. Find the cost of 263 text messages.
- b. Can you save money by switching to a plan that allows unlimited text messages for \$10 per month?

$$0.10(63) = 6.30 + 5.35 = 11.65$$
$$\boxed{\$10}$$



Example 14 – Finding a Cell Phone Charge cont'd

Solution

- a. You sent or received 63 text messages above 200. The cost of these is

$$(\$0.10)(63) = \$6.30$$

So, your total charge for the month is

$$\$5.35 + \$6.30 = \$11.65$$

- b. If you continue to send and receive this number of text messages each month, you can save money by

- b. If you continue to send and receive this number of text messages each month, you can save money by switching to plan that allows unlimited text messages for \$10 per month.