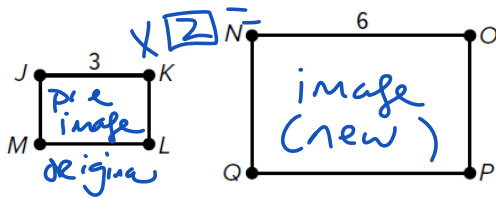


## Module 8 Similarity

Sunday, April 2, 2023 5:41 PM

1. Use the figure to complete the statement.



The transformation from rectangle  $JKLM$  to rectangle  $NOPQ$  is a(n)

[A. enlargement B. reduction]

with a scale factor of

[A. 0.5 B. 2 C. 3].

- 2.) If the point  $P(4,6)$  is dilated with a center of dilation at the origin and  $k = \frac{3}{2}$  then where is  $P'$ ?

pre image (orig)  $4 \times 1.5 = 6$   
 $6 \times 1.5 = 9$

enlargement 1.5

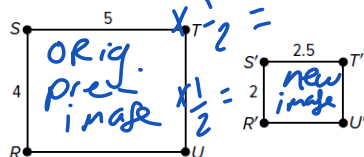
(6, 9)  
 new image

- 3.) If after a dilation  $T'$  is at  $(-4, 28)$  and  $T$  was at  $(-1, 7)$  then what was the value of  $k$ ?

enlargement  
 new image  $28 = 4 \times 7$  pre-image original  
 $-4 = 4 \times -1$

Scale factor 4

4. A dilation maps rectangle  $RSTU$  onto rectangle  $R'S'T'U'$ .



Reduction (fraction)

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2.5}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$$

What is the similarity ratio of the dilation?

A.  $\frac{1}{2}$

C.  $\frac{5}{4}$

B. 2

D.  $\frac{4}{5}$

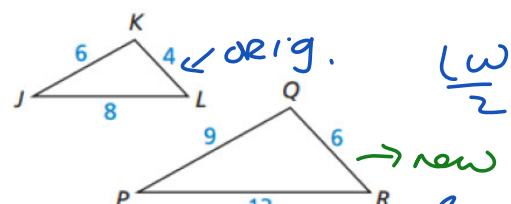
new  
original

Refer to the figure at the right.

Write your answer in simplified fraction form.

5. Find the scale factor of  $\triangle JKL$  to  $\triangle PQR$ .

6. Find the ratio of the areas of  $\triangle JKL$  to  $\triangle PQR$ .



$\frac{3}{2} = 1.5$

9 new  
6 original

$\frac{LW}{2}$

area - 2D

perimeter  
 1 d. meas. in

P: 18 JKL  
 B: 12 PQR

$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)$

Volume  
 3D

$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{27}{8}$

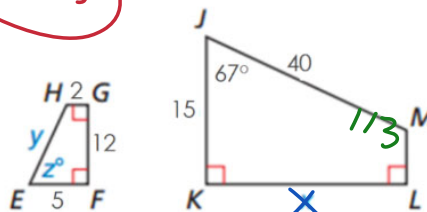
7. 27 PQR (1.0)  $\neq 2.25$   
 Refer to the diagram at the right.

7. Find the value of x.

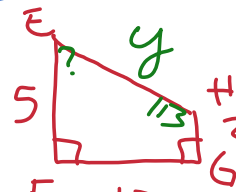
$\frac{S_x}{5} = \frac{180}{5}$   $x = 36$   $y = 12$   $\frac{x}{12} = \frac{15}{5}$

8. Find the value of z.

$\angle E = \angle J$   $67^\circ$   
 $\angle M = \angle H$   $113^\circ$   
 $\frac{y}{10} = \frac{5}{15}$



$(1.5)' = 3.3'$



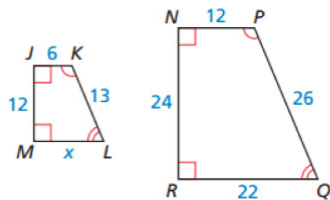
$\frac{15y}{150} = \frac{200}{15}$

$y = 13\frac{1}{3}$

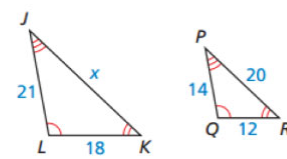
$90 + 90 + 67 = 247$   
 $\frac{360}{113}$

Each pair of polygons are similar. Find the value of the missing variable.

9.

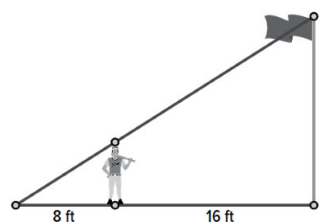


10.



11.) **SHADOWS** Jeremy stands so that his shadow and the shadow cast by a flag pole end at the same point. If Jeremy is exactly 68 inches tall, what is the height of the flagpole in feet?

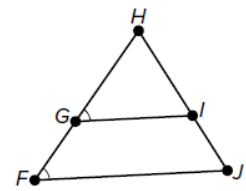
\_\_\_\_\_ feet



12.)

Match the reasons to each statement to complete the proof.

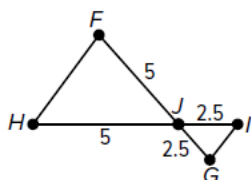
Given:  $\angle HGI \cong \angle HFJ$   
 Prove:  $\triangle FHJ \sim \triangle GHI$



Statements	Reasons
1. $\angle HGI \cong \angle HFJ$	1. _____
2. $\angle GHI \cong \angle FHJ$	2. _____
3. $\triangle FHJ \sim \triangle GHI$	3. _____

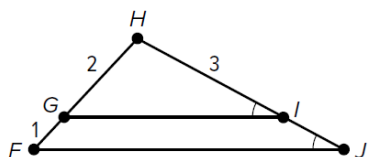
- A. Third Angles Theorem
- B. Transitive Property of Congruence
- C. Given
- D. AA Similarity Postulate
- E. Reflexive Property of Congruence

- 13.) Which reason proves that  $\triangle FHJ \sim \triangle GIJ$ ?



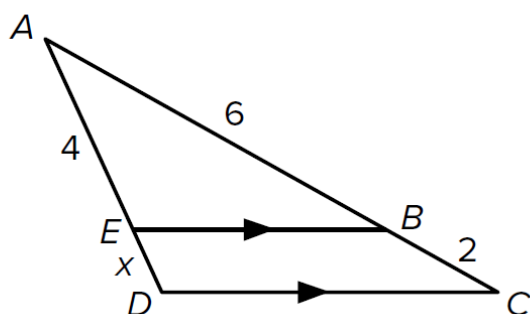
- A. AA Similarity Postulate
- B. SAS Similarity Theorem
- C. SSS Similarity Theorem

- 14.) What is the length of  $\overline{HJ}$ ?



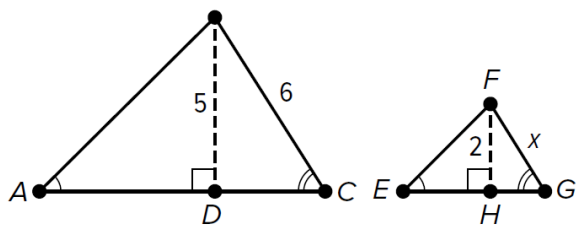
$HJ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15. Find the value of  $x$ .



- 16.) Which equation can be used to find the value of  $x$ ?

$B$



A.  $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{2}{5}$

B.  $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{5}{2}$

C.  $\frac{x}{5} = \frac{6}{2}$

D.  $\frac{x}{5} = \frac{2}{6}$