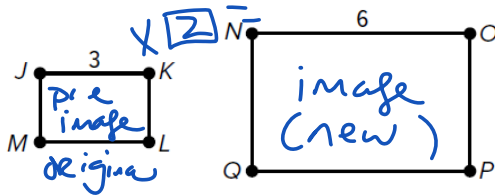


1. Use the figure to complete the statement.



The transformation from rectangle $JKLM$ to rectangle $NOPQ$ is a(n)

- [A. enlargement B. reduction]

with a scale factor of

- [A. 0.5 B. 2 C. 3].

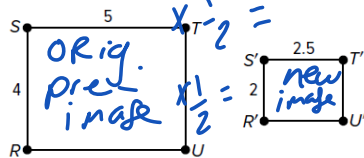
- 2.) If the point $P(4,6)$ is dilated with a center of dilation at the origin and $k = \frac{3}{2}$ then where is P' ?

pre image (orig) $4 \times 1.5 = 6$
 $6 \times 1.5 = 9$
 enlargement 1.5
 new (image) $(6, 9)$

- 3.) If after a dilation T' is at $(-4, 28)$ and T was at $(-1, 7)$ then what was the value of k ?

enlargement
 new (image) $28 = 4 \times 7$ pre-image original
 $-4 = 4 \times -1$
 Scale factor 4

4. A dilation maps rectangle $RSTU$ onto rectangle $R'S'T'U'$.



Reduction (fraction)

$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2.5}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$

What is the similarity ratio of the dilation?

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$ C. $\frac{5}{4}$
 B. 2 D. $\frac{4}{5}$

new
original

Refer to the figure at the right.
 Write your answer in simplified fraction form.

5. Find the scale factor of $\triangle JKL$ to $\triangle PQR$.
 6. Find the ratio of the areas of $\triangle JKL$ to $\triangle PQR$.

