

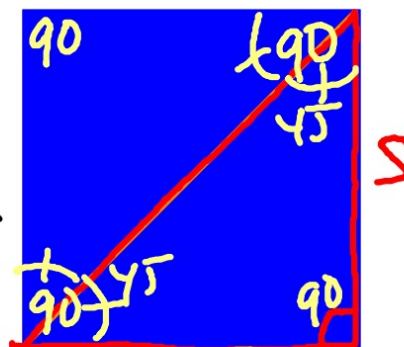
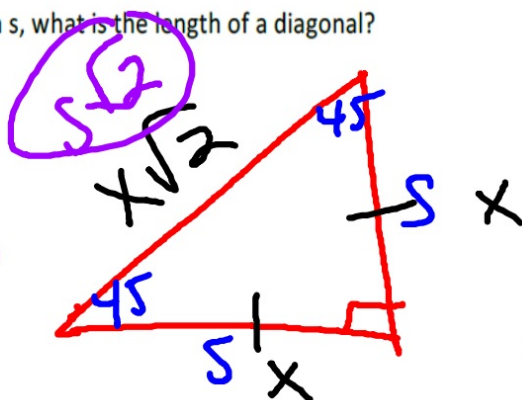
AP3 Geometry Review 2021-2022

Name _____

Date _____

1. In a square of side length s , what is the length of a diagonal?

- A) $\frac{1}{2}s$
 B) $2s$
 C) \sqrt{s}
 D) $s\sqrt{2}$

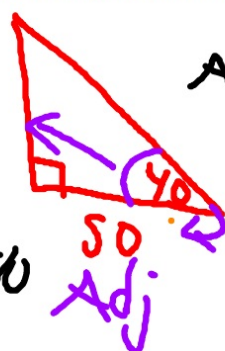


2. A flagpole is 50 feet from a point on the ground. The angle of depression from the top of the flagpole to the same point on the ground is 40° . Calculate the height of the flagpole to the nearest foot.

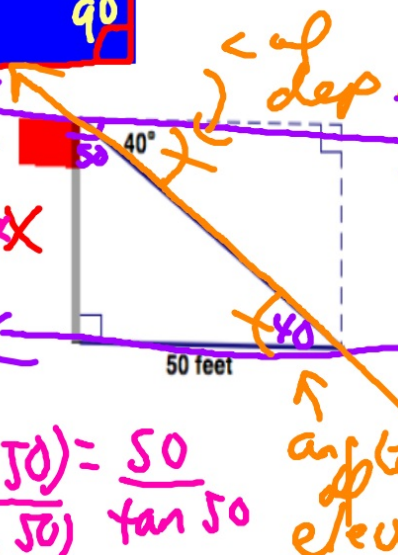
- a. 32 feet
 b. 38 feet
 c. 42 feet
 d. 60 feet

SOH
 CAH
 TOA

$\tan 40 = \frac{x}{50}$
 $42 = x$



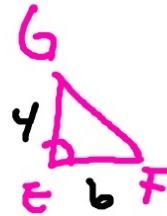
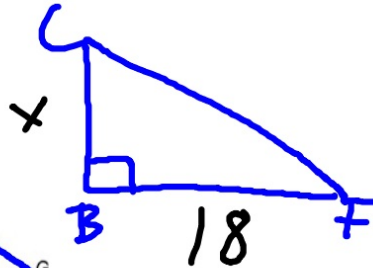
$\frac{x(\tan 50)}{(\tan 50)} = \frac{50}{\tan 50}$
 $x = 42$



3. Solve for BC

- a. 12
- b. 10
- c. 8
- d. 6

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{18}{x}$$



$$\frac{x}{18} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{18}{18}$$

$$72 = 6x$$

$$x = 12$$

4. A carpenter is using a tool called a steel square, which has a shorter arm, known as a tongue, and a longer arm, known as a blade, that are perpendicular. The distance from the end of the tongue to the end of the blade is referred to as the diagonal as shown.

If the length of the tongue is 16 inches and the length of the diagonal is 34 inches, what is the length of the blade?

- a. 20 in
- b. 25 in
- c. 30 in
- d. 35 in

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

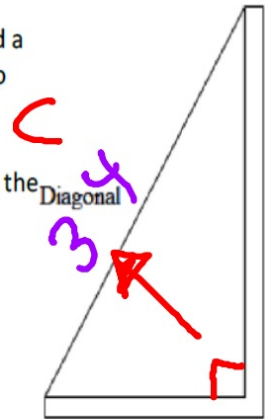
$$x^2 + 16^2 = 34^2$$

$$x^2 + 256 = 1156$$

$$x^2 = 900$$

$$x = \sqrt{900}$$

$$x = 30$$



Tongue

16

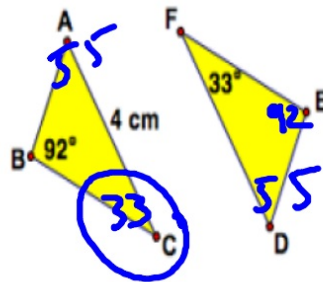
b

Blade

x =

5. Determine the measure of angle C.

- A) 33°
- B) 55°
- C) 88°
- D) 92°



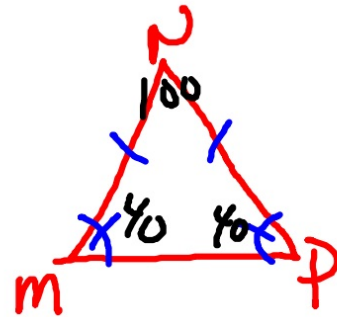
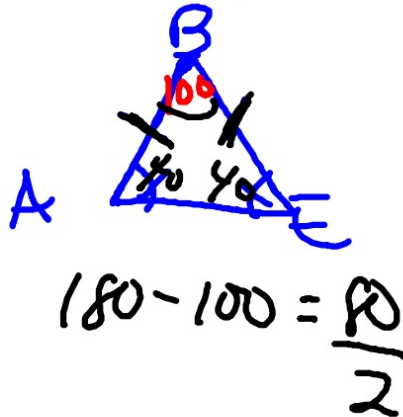
$$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$$

$$92 + 33 = 125$$

$$180 - 125 = 55$$

6. Given $\triangle ABE$ is an isosceles triangle with $\angle ABE = 100^\circ$ and $\triangle MNP$ is an isosceles triangle with one base angle measuring 40° . Are the two triangles, $\triangle ABE$ and $\triangle MNP$ similar? If so, by what criterion?

- a. yes, by AA criterion
- b. yes, by SAS criterion
- c. yes, by SSA criterion
- d. no, not possible to tell.



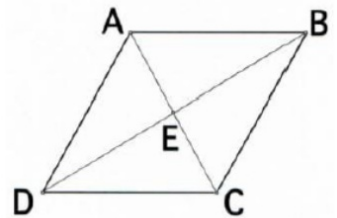
$$40 + 40 = 80$$

$$180 - 80 = 100$$

SS
AS
SA
AS

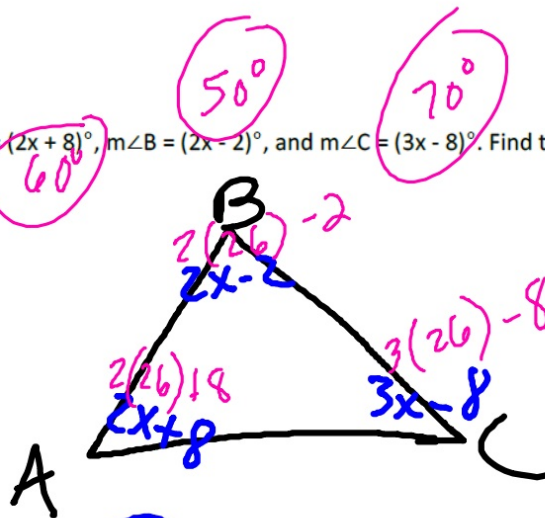
7. The quadrilateral shown is a rhombus. If $AB = 17$ and $AE = 8$, what is the measure of AC ?

- a. 8
- b. 12
- c. 16
- d. 24



8. $\triangle ABC$ is a scalene triangle. $m\angle A = (2x + 8)^\circ$, $m\angle B = (2x - 2)^\circ$, and $m\angle C = (3x - 8)^\circ$. Find the measure of the largest angle.

- A) 26°
- B) 50°
- C) 60°
- D) 70°

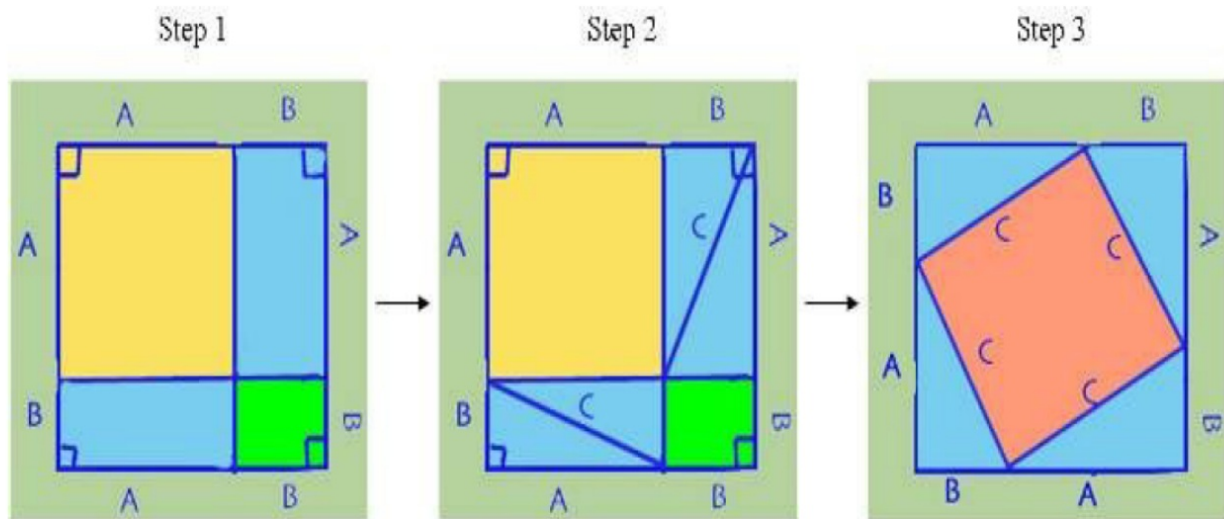


$$2x - 2 + 2x + 8 + 3x - 8 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7x - 2 = 180 \\ + 2 \\ \hline 7x = 182 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7x = 182 \\ \div 7 \\ \hline x = 26 \end{array}$$

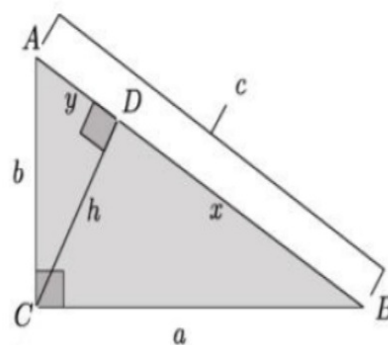
9. Shown here are the three essential steps in a proof of the Pythagorean Theorem. Why is the color blue kept the same in all three steps?



- a. because the blue areas remain constant in size
- b. because the blue areas are converted to squares
- c. because blue is used on the edges of the squares
- d. because the blue regions never equal the other regions in size

10. Given that $\triangle ACB \sim \triangle ADC \sim \triangle CDB$, which statements can be used to prove the Pythagorean theorem using what is known about similar triangles?

- A) $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{x}{a}$
- B) $a^2 = yc$
- C) $\frac{b}{c} = \frac{x}{b}$
- D) $b^2 = yc$
- E) $a^2 + b^2 = xc + yc$

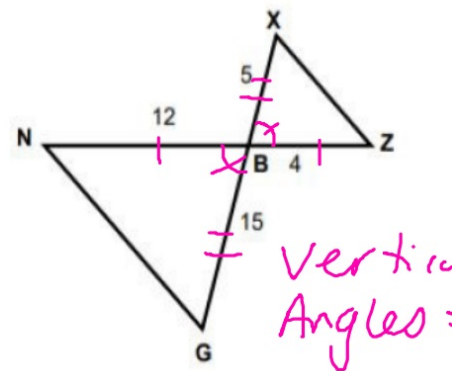


11. Determine if the triangles, $\triangle ZBX$ and $\triangle NBG$, are similar. If so, identify the similarity criterion.

- a. AA similarity
- b. SAS similarity
- c. SSS similarity
- d. not similar

$$60 = 60$$

$$\frac{4}{12} = \frac{12}{15}$$



12. If $\angle BAE = 45^\circ$ and $\angle CED = 70^\circ$ is $\triangle ABE \sim \triangle CDE$? If so, by what criterion?

- a. yes, by AA criterion
- b. yes, by SAS criterion
- c. yes, by SSA criterion
- d. no, not possible to tell.

$$45 + 65 = 110$$

$$180 - 110 = 70$$

