

Date: 12/13/21

Lesson 5.3/5.5/5.6 - Triangle Congruency

Learning Intent (Target): Today I will be able to determine whether or not triangles are congruent based on SSS, SAS, ASA, AAS Congruency.

Success Criteria: I'll know I'll have it when I can accurately determine if triangles are congruent and write 2-column proofs using SSS, SAS, ASA, AAS Congruency for Triangles.

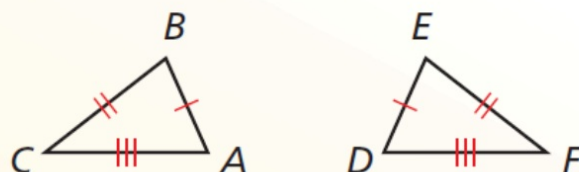
Accountable Team Task: Therefore, I can practice using interactive flip charts for notes and investigations using gizmos & creating foldables.

Theorem

Theorem 5.8 Side-Side-Side (SSS) Congruence Theorem

If three sides of one triangle are congruent to three sides of a second triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.

If $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$, $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{EF}$, and $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$,
then $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$.



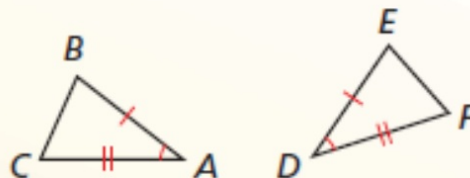
Theorem

Theorem 5.5 Side-Angle-Side (SAS) Congruence Theorem

If two sides and the included angle of one triangle are congruent to two sides and the included angle of a second triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.

If $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$, $\angle A \cong \angle D$, and $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$,
then $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$.

Proof p. 246



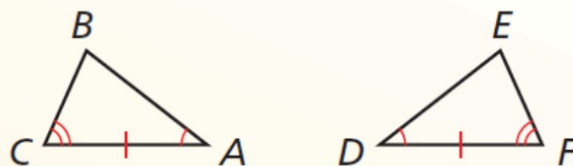
Theorem

Theorem 5.10 Angle-Side-Angle (ASA) Congruence Theorem

If two angles and the included side of one triangle are congruent to two angles and the included side of a second triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.

If $\angle A \cong \angle D$, $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$, and $\angle C \cong \angle F$,
then $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$.

Proof p. 270



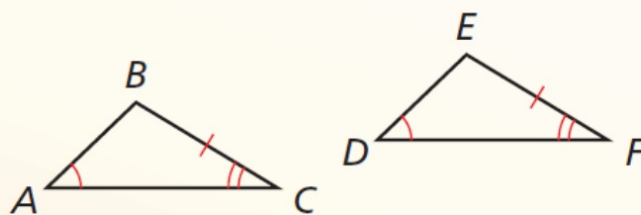
Theorem

Theorem 5.11 Angle-Angle-Side (AAS) Congruence Theorem

If two angles and a non-included side of one triangle are congruent to two angles and the corresponding non-included side of a second triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.

If $\angle A \cong \angle D$, $\angle C \cong \angle F$,
and $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{EF}$, then
 $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$.

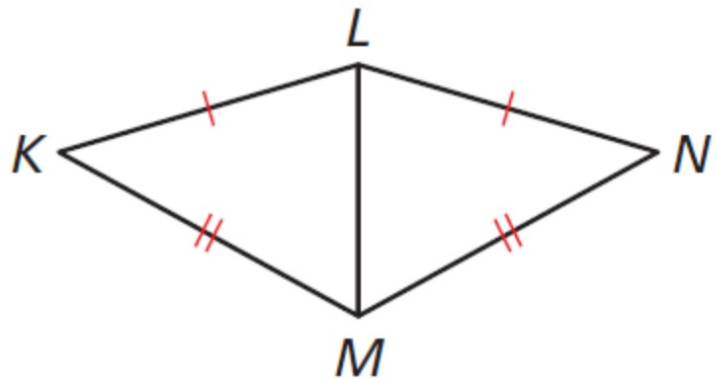
Proof p. 271



Write a proof.

Given $\overline{KL} \cong \overline{NL}$, $\overline{KM} \cong \overline{NM}$

Prove $\triangle KLM \cong \triangle NLM$

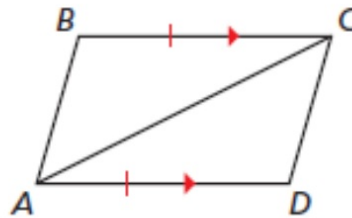


STATEMENTS	REASONS
S 1. $\overline{KL} \cong \overline{NL}$	1. Given
S 2. $\overline{KM} \cong \overline{NM}$	2. Given
S 3. $\overline{LM} \cong \overline{LM}$	3. Reflexive Property of Congruence (Thm. 2.1)
4. $\triangle KLM \cong \triangle NLM$	4. SSS Congruence Theorem

Write a proof.

Given $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{DA}$, $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{AD}$

Prove $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle CDA$



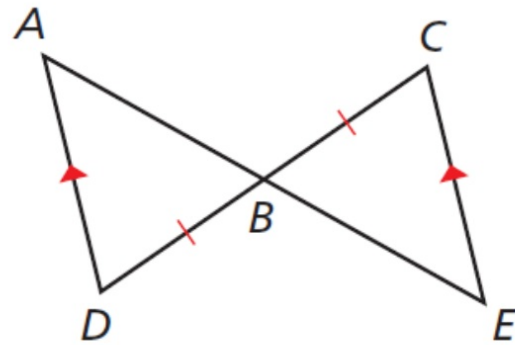
SOLUTION

STATEMENTS	REASONS
S 1. $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{DA}$	1. Given
2. $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{AD}$	2. Given
A 3. $\angle BCA \cong \angle DAC$	3. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem (Thm. 3.2)
S 4. $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{CA}$	4. Reflexive Property of Congruence (Thm. 2.1)
5. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle CDA$	5. SAS Congruence Theorem

Write a proof.

Given $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{EC}$, $\overline{BD} \cong \overline{BC}$

Prove $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle EBC$



STATEMENTS	REASONS
1. $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{EC}$	1. Given
A 2. $\angle D \cong \angle C$	2. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem (Thm. 3.2)
S 3. $\overline{BD} \cong \overline{BC}$	3. Given
A 4. $\angle ABD \cong \angle EBC$	4. Vertical Angles Congruence Theorem (Thm 2.6)
5. $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle EBC$	5. ASA Congruence Theorem