

**Name the property of equality that the statement illustrates.**

**7.** If  $m \angle 6 = m \angle 7$ , then  $m \angle 7 = m \angle 6$ .

**8.**  $34^\circ = 34^\circ$

**9.**  $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2$  and  $m \angle 2 = m \angle 5$ . So,  $m \angle 1 = m \angle 5$ .

**Name the property of equality that the statement illustrates.**

**7.** If  $m\angle 6 = m\angle 7$ , then  $m\angle 7 = m\angle 6$ .

[Symmetric Property of Equality](#)

**8.**  $34^\circ = 34^\circ$

[Reflexive Property of Equality](#)

**9.**  $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$  and  $m\angle 2 = m\angle 5$ . So,  $m\angle 1 = m\angle 5$ .

[Transitive Property of Equality](#)

[Hide Answers](#)

**Name the property of equality that the statement illustrates.**

**10.** If  $JK = KL$  and  $KL = 16$ , then  $JK = 16$ .

**11.**  $PQ = ST$ , so  $ST = PQ$ .

**12.**  $ZY = ZY$

**10.** If  $JK = KL$  and  $KL = 16$ , then  $JK = 16$ . [Transitive Property of Equality](#)

**11.**  $PQ = ST$ , so  $ST = PQ$ . [Symmetric Property of Equality](#)

**12.**  $ZY = ZY$  [Reflexive Property of Equality](#)

State the Property of Equality each statement illustrates.

- a.** If  $AB = CD$ , then  $AB + FE = CD + FE$ .
- b.** If  $m \angle 2 = m \angle 4$  and  $m \angle 4 = m \angle 6$ , then  $m \angle 2 = m \angle 6$ .
- c.** If  $XY = AB$ , then  $AB = XY$ .

- a.** If  $AB = CD$ , then  $AB + FE = CD + FE$ .

**Addition Property of Equality**

- b.** If  $m \angle 2 = m \angle 4$  and  $m \angle 4 = m \angle 6$ , then  $m \angle 2 = m \angle 6$ .

**Transitive Property of Equality**

- c.** If  $XY = AB$ , then  $AB = XY$ .

**Symmetric Property of Equality**

**Solve the equation. Justify each step.**

$$5. \ 4 = -10b + 6(2 - b)$$

**6.** Solve the formula  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$  for  $b$ . Justify each step. Then find the

base of a triangle whose area is 952 square feet and whose height is 56 feet.

$$5. \ 4 = -10b + 6(2 - b)$$

**Equation**

$$4 = -10b + 6(2 - b)$$

**Explanation and Reason**

Write the equation; Given

$$4 = -10b + 12 - 6b$$

Multiply; Distributive Property

$$4 = -16b + 12$$

Combine like terms; Simplify.

$$-8 = -16b$$

Subtract 12 from each side;

Subtraction Property of Equality

$$\frac{1}{2} = b$$

Divide each side by  $-16$ ;

Division Property of Equality

$$b = \frac{1}{2}$$

Rewrite the equation; Symmetric

Property of Equality

**6.** Solve the formula  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$  for  $b$ . Justify each step. Then find the base of a triangle whose area is 952 square feet and whose height is 56 feet.

**Equation** **Explanation and Reason**

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

Write the equation; Given

$$2A = bh$$

Multiply each side by 2; Multiplication Property of Equality

$$\frac{2A}{h} = b$$

Divide each side by  $h$ ; Division Property of Equality

$$b = \frac{2A}{h}$$

Rewrite the equation; Symmetric Property of Equality

$$b = 34 \text{ feet}$$

You reflect the beam of a spotlight off a mirror lying flat on a stage, as shown. Determine whether  $m\angle DBA = m\angle EBC$ .

### SOLUTION

| Equation                              | Explanation  | Reason                               |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$               | Marked in diagram.   | Given                                |
| $m\angle DBA = m\angle 3 + m\angle 2$ | Add measures of adjacent angles.                             | Angle Addition Postulate (Post. 1.4) |
| $m\angle DBA = m\angle 1 + m\angle 2$ | Substitute $m\angle 1$ for $m\angle 3$ .                     | Substitution Property of Equality    |
| $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle EBC$ | Add measures of adjacent angles.                             | Angle Addition Postulate (Post. 1.4) |
| $m\angle DBA = m\angle EBC$           | Both measures are equal to the sum $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2$ . | Transitive Property of Equality      |

